

**Wednesday 29th April 2020**

(Swahili language spoken in Kenya)

Habari za asubuhil Class Five!  
(Good morning)



I hope you're all well we both miss you! It has been great to read some of your descriptions of the dragon from Monday's work. Good use of similes Class Five! ☺

**Yesterday's answers:**

### Maths

$$10 \% \text{ of } 90 = 9$$

$$10 \% \text{ of } 40 = 4$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 60 = 6$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 80 = 8$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 20 = 2$$

$$10 \% \text{ of } 50 = 5$$

$$10 \% \text{ of } 56 = 5.6$$

$$10 \% \text{ of } 89 = 8.9$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 34 = 3.4$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 600 = 60$$

$$10\% \text{ of } 500 = 50$$

$$10 \% \text{ of } 45 = 4.5$$

$$20 \% \text{ of } 20 = 40$$

$$(10\% \text{ is } 20 \text{ so } 20 \times 2 = 40)$$

$$20\% \text{ of } 40 = 8$$

$$20\% \text{ of } 80 = 16$$

$$20\% \text{ of } 800 = 160$$

$$20\% \text{ of } 55 = 11$$

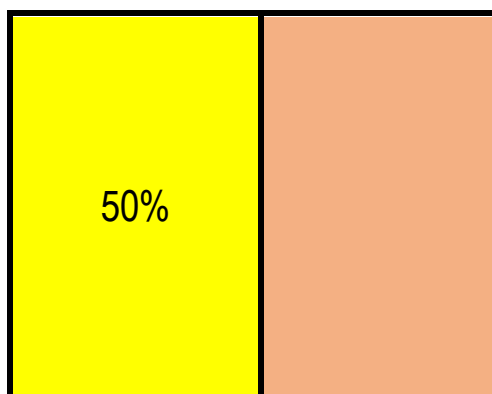
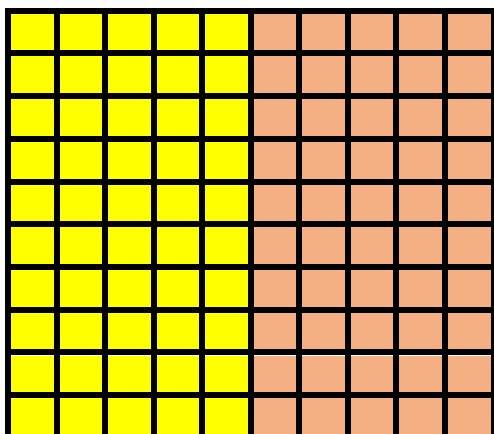
### English

**The parenthesis is underlined.**

1. The troll, which has large teeth, glared at the forest.
2. Isaac Newton was the scientist who discovered gravity (he published his work in 1687).
3. The Vikings first raided Lindisfarne – a monastery located in England.
4. The teacher, who has curly hair, demonstrated how to divide.
5. At lunchtime (around 12.15pm) the children go out to play.

## Today's work: Maths

Today we will be finding 50% of any number. There are two lots of 50% in a whole one (100%).

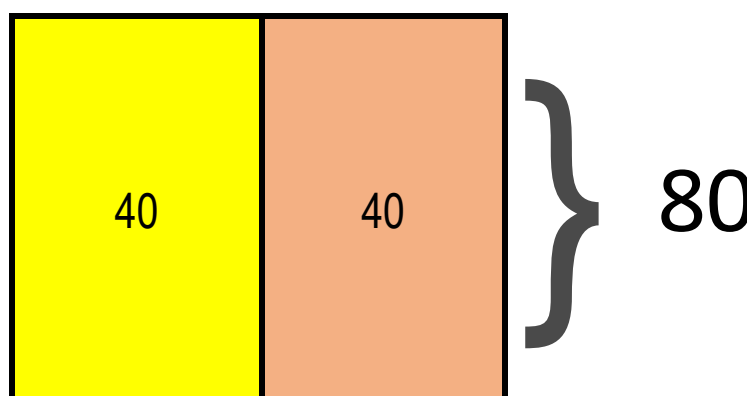


(divide by 2). Here is an example:

Therefore, to find 50% of a number all we need to do is halve the number

$$50\% \text{ of } 80 = 40$$

$$80 \div 2 = 40$$



Remember, to find 50% **all you need to do is divide by 2** (50% is the same as  $\frac{5}{10}$  which is  $\frac{1}{2}$ ).

Choose a difficulty and complete. The first question for each has been **done for you** to show you how to complete it.

50 % of 12 = 6	50 % of 56 = 28	50 % x 77 = 38.5
50 % of 8 =	50 % of 44 =	('x' is the same as 'of')
50% of 16 =	50% of 34 =	50 % x 13 =
50% of 20 =	50% of 820 =	50% x 67 =
50% of 10 =	50% of 162 =	50% of 303 =
50 % of 14 =	50 % of 324 =	50% x 127 =
		50% of 3.5 =

If to find 50% you just halve a number how would you find 25%? What about 12.5%? Email me your answers if you have an idea or you have remembered how to do this in class.

Choose a difficulty (All, Most or Some), read the text and complete the questions in your blue homework book.

All



## A Space Adventure!

9 One day, Jacob and Oscar had a wonderful space  
16 adventure! They climbed into their rocket and  
26 shot off up into space. Jacob wanted to see aliens  
34 and monsters. Oscar wanted to discover a new  
35 planet.

44 After a bumpy journey, they landed on a rocky,  
53 purple planet and they climbed out to start to  
59 explore. Suddenly, Oscar saw some funny-looking  
67 footsteps. Being very brave, the boys decided to  
75 follow them. They walked and walked until they  
83 noticed something green and furry behind a huge  
89 space rock. What could it be?

97 Slowly, they walked up to take a peek...

## Quick Questions



1. What did Jacob hope to see in space?

\_\_\_\_\_



2. Which adjective has the author used to show that the boys didn't have an easy trip into space?

\_\_\_\_\_

Why were the boys '*being very brave*'?



\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



3. What do you think happened next?

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## How Thunor Got His Hammer

10 Sif was Thunor's wife and she had long, golden hair.  
20 One morning, she went out onto the porch and fell  
31 asleep. Just as she did, Loki came along. He was always  
51 playing tricks. Loki went up on the porch and cut off Sif's  
53 golden hair.

65 When Sif woke up and saw that her hair was gone, she  
77 cried and cried. Then she ran to hide. She did not want  
86 Thunor to see her. When Thunor came home, he looked  
96 all around the house. At last he found her crying.

107 "Oh, Thunor, look, all my hair is gone! Somebody has cut  
118 it off. It was a man. He ran away with it."

124 Thunor was infuriated. "I know it  
130 was Loki. He is always getting  
132 into mischief.

138 Just wait until I get him!"  
140 he screamed.



## Quick Questions



1. Where did Sif fall asleep?

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2. Write two adjectives that the author could have used to describe Loki.

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3. Why do you think that Sif did not want Thunor to see her without her hair?

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4. What do you think Thunor did next?

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Some

## My Space Journey

12 Today was the most exciting day of my life! I was finally  
21 able to fulfil my ambition of travelling into space.

32 Despite having dreamed of this since I was a young girl,  
39 and having completed extensive training, the actual  
48 journey was much more arduous and taxing than I'd  
50 ever expected.

63 The 4G force pushing on my chest as we took off felt like  
74 ten elephants were sitting on me, and the wave of nausea  
84 was a tsunami! I managed to distract myself with the  
95 view out of the window and suddenly we were in orbit;  
106 my body felt like a feather floating gently on the breeze  
114 but the pressure in my head felt like  
119 a sledgehammer was hitting it.

127 It was a day of contrasts but I  
130 wouldn't change it!



## Quick Questions



1. Which two words mean the same as 'difficult'?

\_\_\_\_\_



2. Find a metaphor within the text.

\_\_\_\_\_



3. Do you think the astronaut will enjoy her time in space? Explain why.

\_\_\_\_\_

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4. Why does the author say, 'It was a day of contrasts...'? Use the text to support your answer.

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\_\_\_\_\_

## History

In history we learned about the Anglo-Saxons. A lot of towns and cities have modern names that originate from Anglo-Saxon and Viking words. Here are the different meanings of the end of place names.

Name Ending	Meaning
burh	town
bury	fortified place
croft	small enclosure
field	open land
ford	river crossing
ham/hamm	village
ings	____'s people
ley	clearing
mer/mere	pool or lake
ney	island
stow/stowe	meeting place or holy place
ton/tun	farmstead or village
wice/wich	farm
worth/worthy	enclosure

**Oxford** means a river crossing for **oxen** (a type of cow) because its end in **'ford'** which means a river crossing.

**What do you the meanings are for these place names? Write these in your book.**

Here are the places:

Woking  
Marston  
Morley  
Woolwhich

Here are the possible meanings:

Farm near a marsh  
Wocc's people  
Sheep farm  
Marshy field.

You could also do some research into other places with Anglo-Saxon names. For example Dudley ends in 'ley' which means clearing. It used to be called Duddan Leah, meaning Dudda's clearing.